

# Qisda Climate Lobbying Report 2025

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### 1. Lobbying

Qisda actively participates in various associations to strengthen the industrial linkage and development. The company continuously focuses on important issues<sup>1</sup> including M&A, industrial development, technology innovation, corporate governance, and sustainable environment. In terms of climate policy, Qisda does not engage in direct lobbying, but participates in indirect lobbying through its involvement with trade associations and organizations.

In response to important international initiatives and the impact of climate change, Qisda actively participates in climate action organizations, such as joining RE100 in 2022, Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi), Taiwan Climate Partnership (TCP), Commonwealth Sustainability League, etc. It also promised to fully use renewable electricity by 2040, and to reach net zero emissions by 2050, to keep in line with international trends and practice the goal of corporate sustainability.

Qisda focuses on major issues and participates in public associations and organizations. The Corporate Communications Office at headquarters consolidates and evaluates these participations across all operational locations and reports regularly to the President. The findings are then submitted to the Board of Directors to ensure effective influence on public policy.

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<sup>1</sup> Qisda remains politically neutral and does not make political donations. In the past four years (2022-2025), the company has made no political donations or expenditures related to elections or referendums. Additionally, in 2025, there were no direct lobbying activities related to climate issues.



## **2. Climate policy principles**

Qisda published the "Qisda Climate Change Statement " in June 2023, disclosing its commitment, policy, and strategies for addressing climate change. Qisda understands that leader in information technology and healthcare, Qisda understands the impact of human activities on the environment is irreversible, so it promotes carbon management with climate strategies of "green products", "green operations" and "green supply chain". We spread our experience to the related enterprises of Grand Fleet and upstream and downstream partners to create mutual benefits and steadily move towards the long-term goal of "2050 net zero emissions".

We support policies that share the same goals as the Paris Agreement and will distance ourselves from those who do not agree with the Paris Agreement. If a participating public association formulates or promotes a policy that is inconsistent with the Paris Agreement, we will communicate with it and formulate a clear revision timetable and procedure. If a consensus cannot be reached, we will leave the association and organization and form proactive coalitions to counter the non-Paris-aligned lobbying.

## **3. Climate public policies**

Qisda is headquartered in Taiwan, with major manufacturing bases located in Mainland China and Vietnam. The company closely monitors and responds to local climate-related policy developments, such as carbon fee systems, emissions trading mechanisms, and disclosure requirements. Qisda regularly assesses the impact of these regulations on its operations and supply chain, evaluates their alignment with the temperature control goals of the Paris Agreement, and states its position of support or opposition accordingly.

In 2023, Taiwan amended the Climate Change Response Act to set a national long-term target of net-zero greenhouse gas emissions by 2050. The law mandates corporate carbon fees, greenhouse gas inventories, and climate adaptation plans. It adopts a carbon fee rather than a carbon tax model and establishes a Climate Change Response Fund. In 2025, in alignment with the Paris Agreement, Taiwan approved its updated Nationally Determined Contribution (NDC 3.0), establishing new national greenhouse gas reduction targets of  $28\% \pm 2\%$  by 2030,  $32\% \pm 2\%$  by 2032, and  $38\% \pm 2\%$  by 2035, compared with the baseline year of 2005.

Mainland China, the world's largest carbon emitter, actively supports the Paris Agreement and submitted its dual-carbon goals in the 2021 NDC (Nationally



Determined Contribution)—to peak CO<sub>2</sub> emissions before 2030 and achieve carbon neutrality before 2060. The State Council’s “Action Plan for Carbon Peaking Before 2030” serves as the top-level framework guiding decarbonization strategies across sectors, departments, and regions.

Vietnam is also actively aligned with the Paris Agreement. Its national climate change strategy sets a long-term goal of reaching net-zero emissions by 2050. The revised Environmental Protection Law has incorporated climate action into its legal framework, covering carbon market mechanisms and emissions reduction programs.

In its 2024 climate policy review, Qisda expressed support for the climate policy frameworks of Taiwan, Mainland China, and Vietnam, recognizing their net-zero targets and governance structures as aligned with the goals of the Paris Agreement.

#### **4. Trade associations**

In response to important international initiatives and the impact of climate change, Qisda actively participates in climate action organizations, such as joining RE100 in 2022, Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi), Taiwan Climate Partnership (TCP), CommonWealth Sustainability League, ESG Technology Innovation Promotion Alliance, etc.

In 2025, Qisda participated in approximately 36 public associations at home and abroad, with a total expenditure of about NT\$ 2.89 million, and the cumulative total expenditure from 2022 to 2025 was NT\$ 16.36 million.

#### **5. Assessment methodology**

Qisda conducts climate change stance assessments for the domestic and overseas public associations we participate in, including:

- Identify which organizations are active and influential in the discussion and development of climate policy.
- Confirm whether the participating organizations have a clear climate policy.
- Review the organization's climate-related statements, positions, and activities.
- Assess whether the organization's policy positions, and advocacy actions are consistent, partially consistent, or inconsistent with supporting the Paris Agreement.
- If there is a discrepancy, we will communicate to establish a clear timeline and procedure for correction within one year. If consensus



cannot be reached, we will withdraw from the association or organization and form proactive coalitions to counter the non-Paris-aligned lobbying.

## 6. Criteria for inclusion

Qisda participated in a total of 36 domestic and overseas public associations in 2025. Based on the assessment conducted, 27 associations had not explicitly expressed a position on or participated in climate-related actions, while 9 associations were actively involved in climate-related initiatives or actions. There are a total of 9 public associations included in the evaluation, the list is as follows:

| Name of the Association/Organization                                                      | Member | Director |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|----------|
| RE100                                                                                     | ■      |          |
| Taiwan Climate Partnership (TCP)                                                          | ■      | ■        |
| CommonWealth Sustainability League                                                        | ■      |          |
| ESG Technology Innovation Promotion Alliance                                              | ■      |          |
| SBTi (Science Based Targets initiative)                                                   | ■      |          |
| TCSA Center for Corporate Sustainability (TCSA CCS)                                       | ■      |          |
| Business Council for Sustainable Development (BCSD Taiwan)                                | ■      |          |
| NTU TPIDC Digital Transformation and Sustainable Development Industry-Academia Consortium | ■      |          |
| Association of Taiwan Bio-based and Sustainable Material Industry (TBSM)                  | ■      | ■        |

## 7. Summary of assessment findings

After an assessment, the policy positions and advocacy actions of the nine organizations were judged to be consistent with supporting the Paris Agreement, and they are actively taking action to help achieve a net zero future.

These organizations all acknowledge the risks of climate change, publicly issue statements and positions in support of net zero future, and advocate for specific climate policies and meaningful actions to reduce carbon emissions.

Details are as follows:



## **RE100**

RE100 is the global corporate renewable energy initiative bringing together hundreds of large and ambitious businesses committed to 100% renewable electricity. Led by Climate Group, RE100's mission is to accelerate change towards zero carbon grids at scale.

In March 2025, RE100 released its updated Technical Criteria, recognizing electricity generated from wind, solar, geothermal, ocean energy (wave and tidal), sustainably sourced biomass (including biogas), and sustainable hydropower as renewable electricity. The revised criteria significantly raised the eligibility requirements for renewable electricity and were confirmed to take effect starting from the 2025 disclosure cycle.

## **Taiwan Climate Partnership (TCP)**

The Taiwan Climate Partnership (TCP), as outlined in its charter, is a non-profit social organization established in accordance with the law. Its mission is to strengthen the attention of Taiwanese businesses and society to climate issues. The alliance leads by example through the ICT industry supply chain, connecting internationally to collectively promote Taiwan's response to climate change with positive force.

In terms of international engagement and impact, the Taiwan Climate Partnership organized three international forums during COP30 in 2025 and launched its "Digital Empowerment Trilogy" initiative, encompassing the themes of Coexistence, Co-creation, and Shared Prosperity. Representatives from companies and organizations including LEOTEK, ADATA Technology, the International Cooperation and Development Fund (TaiwanICDF), and the Taiwan Green Energy for Charity Association were invited to share sustainability solutions and best practices from Taiwan's technology sector and civil society organizations.

## **CommonWealth Sustainability League**

The CommonWealth Sustainability League is Taiwan's primary corporate sustainability community and a platform for entrepreneurs to exchange, share, and learn together.

In 2025, the Corporate 1.5°C Forum was held, and for the third consecutive year, the results of the Temperature Rising Index for Pathways were publicly released, fully disclosing the latest decarbonization progress and temperature ratings of 1,200 Taiwanese companies. The platform encourages companies



to set decarbonization targets aligned with the 1.5°C pathway, tracks actual emission reduction performance on an annual basis, and compares corporate commitments against business-as-usual (BAU) emissions pathways to reduce the risks of overcommitment and greenwashing.

### **ESG Technology Innovation Promotion Alliance**

The ESG Technology Innovation Promotion Alliance, initiated by several tech companies in Taiwan, supports innovative competitions in response to climate change, including "Agro-fishery Innovation" and "Energy-saving and Carbon-reduction Innovation," aiming to mitigate the impacts of extreme weather events.

In 2025, the ESG Technology Innovation Alliance launched the IMV Technology Innovation Award competition, focusing on AI-driven innovation and sustainable value creation. Through industry matchmaking and resource integration, the initiative promoted the implementation of AI solutions in areas such as energy conservation and carbon reduction, agriculture, and disaster prevention. These efforts aim to address climate-related risks and challenges while advancing the practical implementation of corporate sustainability.

### **SBTi**

The Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) aims to encourage companies to set science-based emission reduction targets to help limit global warming to no more than 1.5°C.

In 2025, the Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) released the draft Corporate Net-Zero Standard 2.0, which introduced more stringent decarbonization requirements for Scope 1, Scope 2, and Scope 3 emissions. The draft also introduced a recognition mechanism for Outside Value Chain Emission Reductions (OER), encouraging companies to drive emission reduction actions beyond their value chains while fulfilling their own emissions reduction obligations. The standard was officially released in June 2026 and is expected to open for validation on February 1, 2027, with full implementation beginning in 2028.

### **TCSA Center for Corporate Sustainability (TCSA CCS)**

TCSA CCS aims to work with industry leaders to "nurture benchmark enterprises, lead social core values, and pass on sustainable missions."

In 2025, various seminars and forums were held covering topics such as net



biodiversity gain, the Nice Ocean Agreements, solutions for decarbonization and food resilience enhancement, challenges of applying artificial intelligence in corporate supply chain human rights risk management, sustainable investment, and carbon insetting. Through case studies and experience sharing, these events helped members and sustainability partners respond to climate change and take net-zero actions.

### **Business Council for Sustainable Development (BCSD Taiwan)**

BCSD Taiwan is the exclusive Global Network Partner of WBCSD in Taiwan, dedicated to helping local companies develop sustainability strategies and align with international standards.

Climate Change and Energy is one of BCSD Taiwan's four key focus areas, with Corporate Climate Action serving as a major medium- to long-term strategic priority. In 2025, BCSD Taiwan organized a series of training courses and workshops covering topics such as the WBCSD Guidance on Avoided Emissions, the draft GRI Pollution Standards, and the GRI Climate Change and Energy Standards. These initiatives were designed to support companies in adopting sustainability disclosure standards and implementing long-term sustainability actions.

### **NTU TPIDC "Digital Transformation and Sustainable Development Industry-Academia Consortium"**

The NTU TPIDC Industry-Academia Consortium promotes digital transformation and sustainability by partnering with companies and research institutions, building a trusted platform to enhance Taiwan's industrial resilience and global competitiveness.

In 2025, TPIDC organized large-scale forums, corporate and policy seminars, and training programs, while continuously updating its podcasts, newsletters, and online multimedia learning platform. Experts and thought leaders from academia and industry were invited to deliver keynote speeches and participate in panel discussions, fostering dialogue and building consensus on sustainable development.

### **Association of Taiwan Bio-based and Sustainable Material Industry (TBSM)**

TBSM promotes the development and application of biomass and sustainable materials in Taiwan. By fostering information exchange among industry, government, and academia, it aims to advance technology and ensure long-term growth for the sector.



In 2025, through activities such as international conferences, circular economy and decarbonization exchange forums, technical exchanges, and international study visits, the organization promoted communication and collaboration within the semiconductor and materials industries on net-zero transformation and the application of sustainable materials.